## CMSC 442/653 Fall 2007

## Instructor: Dr. Lomonaco

## Homework 7

- Optional listening assignment: Listen to Mozart's Eine Kleine Nachtmusik
- Optional Reading assignment: Peterson \& Weldon, "Error-Correcting Codes," MIT Press, (Second Edition), Chapters 7 and 8
- Optional Reading assignment: MacWilliams \& Sloane, "The Theory of Error-Correcting Codes," North-Holland (2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ edition), (1983), Chapter 7.

1U) Let $\xi$ be a primitive element of $\boldsymbol{G F}\left(\mathbf{2}^{6}\right)$. Compute the order of $\xi^{j}$ for $j=0,1,2,3, \ldots, 62$.

2U) Let $\alpha$ be the primitive element of $\boldsymbol{G F}\left(\mathbf{2}^{6}\right)$ which is the zero of the primitive polynomial:

$$
1: x+x^{6}
$$

Let $g(x)$ be the polynomial of smallest degree having the following zeros:

$$
\alpha, \alpha^{2}, \alpha^{3}, \alpha^{4}, \alpha^{5}, \alpha^{6}, \alpha^{7}, \alpha^{8}, \alpha^{9}, \alpha^{10}
$$

Let $V=(g(x))$ be the corresponding cyclic code of smallest length.
a) Write $g(x)$ as a product of minimal polynomials $m_{i}(x)$, where $m_{i}(x)$ is the minimal polynomial of $\alpha^{i}$. (Do not explicitly compute the $m_{i}(x)$ 's.)
b) What is the degree of $g(x)$ ?
c) What is the length $n$ of $V$ ?
d) What is the dimension of $V$ ?
$\mathbf{3 U})$ Let $\xi$ be a primitive element of $\boldsymbol{G F}\left(\mathbf{2}^{4}\right)$ defined by $\xi=\boldsymbol{x} \bmod p(x)$ for the primitive polynomial

$$
p(x)=1+x+x^{4}
$$

Let $g(x)$ be the binary polynomial of smallest degree having

$$
\xi \text { and } \xi^{5}
$$

as roots. Let $V=(g(x))$ be the cyclic code of smallest length having $g(x)$ as a generator polynomial.
a) What is the length $n$ of $V$ ?
b) What is the dimension of $V^{\perp}$ ?
c) Use $\xi$ and $\xi^{5}$ to construct a parity check matrix $H$ of $V$. (Do not explicitly compute $g(x)$. Be sure that the rows of your parity check matrix are linearly independent. Use the enclosed table for $\boldsymbol{G F}\left(\mathbf{2}^{4}\right)$ to answer this part of the question.)

$$
G F\left(2^{4}\right)=G F(2)[x] /\left(x^{4}+x+1\right)
$$

| Antilog | Log |
| :--- | :--- |
| $a_{0} a_{1} a_{2} a_{3}$ |  |
| 0000 | $-\infty$ |
| 1000 | 0 |
| 0100 | 1 |
| 0010 | 2 |
| 0001 | 3 |
| 1100 | 4 |
| 0110 | 5 |
| 0011 | 6 |
| 1101 | 7 |
| 1010 | 8 |
| 0101 | 9 |
| 1110 | 10 |
| 0111 | 11 |
| 1111 | 12 |
| 1011 | 13 |
| 1001 | 14 |

