## CMSC 341 Data Structures General Tree Review

October 26, 2010

These questions are intended to assist you when studying for the exams. They are by no means a comprehensive set of all possible exam questions.

## 1 General Trees

- 1. Define tree
- 2. Define k-ary tree
- 3. For any tree, T, define the following
  - (a) path in T
  - (b) length of a path in T
  - (c) height of a node in T
  - (d) depth of a node in T
  - (e) height of T
  - (f) depth of T
  - (g) external node
  - (h) internal node
  - (i) leaf
- 4. Given the drawing of an arbitrary tree, draw the first-child, next-sibling representation of th tree
- 5. Given the first-child, next-sibling representation of a tree, draw the tree.
- 6. Prove that there n 1 edges in any tree with n nodes
- 7. What is the worst-case big-O performance for the insert, find and remove operations in a general tree? Why is this so?
- 8. Write a recursive member function of the "static K-ary" tree class that counts the number of nodes in the tree.

## 2 Binary Trees

- 1. Define *binary tree*, *full* binary tree, *complete* binary tree and *perfect* binary tree.
- 2. Define internal path length and external path length
- 3. Prove that a perfect binary tree of height h has  $2^h$  leaf nodes.
- 4. Prove that a perfect binary tree of height h has  $2^{h+1}$  1 nodes.
- 5. Prove that a full binary tree with n internal nodes has n + 1 leaf nodes.
- 6. Prove that in any binary tree with n nodes there are n + 1 "null pointers".
- 7. Suppose you have the following two traversals from the same binary tree. Draw the tree pre-order: A D F G H K L P Q R W Z in-order: G F H K D L A W R Q P Z
- 8. Write a recursive member function of the BinaryTree class that counts the number of nodes in the tree.
- 9. Write a recursive member function of the BinaryTree class that counts the number of leaves in the tree.

10. Given the following binary tree containing integers, list the output from a pre-order traversal, an in-order traversal, a post-order traversal and a level-order traversal of the tree.

